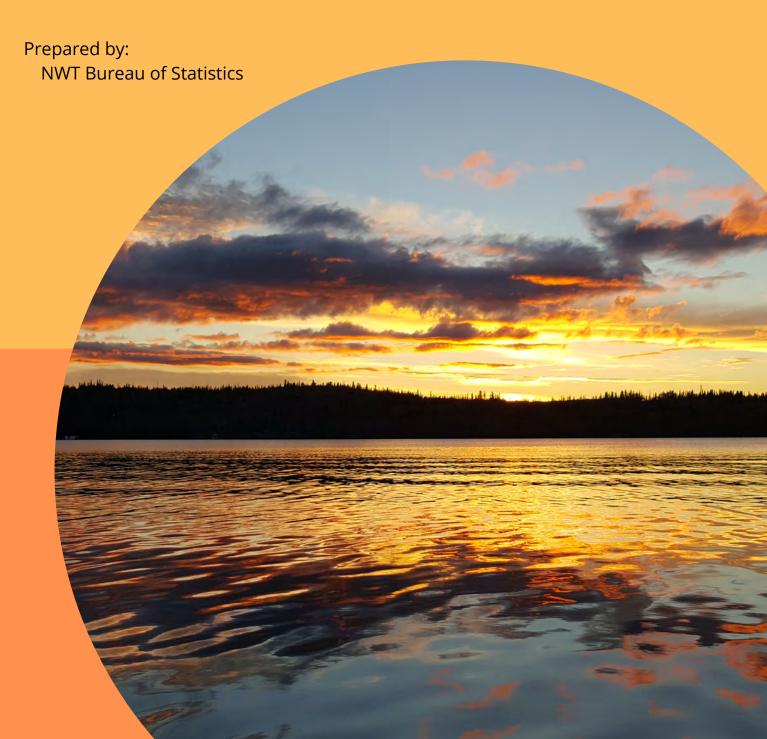


2021 YELLOWKNIFE

POINT-IN-TIME HOMELESS COUNT AT A GLANCE



Key Findings

THE PIT COUNT SERVES AS A CRITICAL PART OF YELLOWKNIFES RESPONSE TO HOMELESSNESS. CONDUCTING PIT COUNTS ENABLES THE COMMUNITY TO MEASURE PROGRESS IN ADDRESSING HOMELESSNESS.



People counted as experiencing homelessness during the 2021 Yellowknife Point-In-Time (PiT) Homeless Count. There has been a decrease of 26 people from the 2018 PIT Count.

NOTABLE FINDINGS

HIGH NUMBER OF CHILDREN AND YOUTH

In total <u>1 in 5</u> persons included in the Yellowknife PIT survey were children or dependants.



PEOPLE WANT TO BE HOUSED

Of those enumerated, **94%** said they want permanent housing.

HALF WERE CHRONICALLY HOMELESS

In fact, **51%** of those enumerated were experiencing chronic homelessness according to the federal definition.

RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL

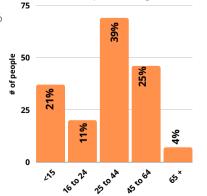
62% of those surveyed said 1 or more of their parents attended residential school. **7%** of respondent's Don't Know if their parents attended residential school.



19% of the population surveyed attended residential school themselves.

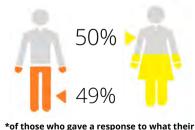
AGE

Of the 312 people surveyed, <u>133</u> did not state their age, this table is reflective of the <u>179</u> participants that did give their age and/or their dependents age.



GENDER

Females were slightly more prevalent(**50%**), in the homelessness population than males (**49%**), as a result of under 18s being included in the dataset.

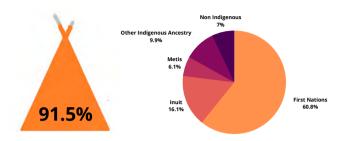


*of those who gave a response to what their gender identity is.

UNAFFORDABLE HOUSING AND LOW INCOME PLAY KEY ROLES. The most common reasons reported for becoming homeless is low income, conflict with spouse for females and substance abuse for males. Affordability was cited as the primary barrier to obtaining housing. This statistic remains unchanged from 2018.

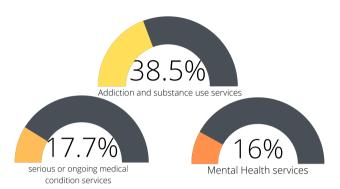
INDIGENOUS PEOPLE ARE SIGNIFICANTLY OVERREPRESENTED

With <u>91.5%</u> reporting Indigenous identity in the survey data this is a significant over-representation compared to the overall Yellowknife population at 23%.



SERVICES NEEDED BY RESPONDENTS

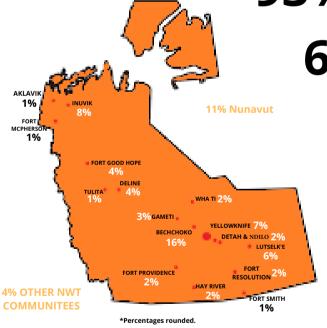
When respondents were asked what services they need **38.5%** said they require addiction and substance use services. Followed by **17.5%** needing services for a serious or ongoing medical condition, and **16%** stating they require mental health services.



MIGRATION

93% OF RESPONDENTS MIGRATED TO YELLOWKNIFE

66% OF RESPONDENTS HOME COMMUNITY IS IN THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.



Respondents	home	Province	or Territory

Province/Territory	%
Northwest Territories	66%
Nunavut	11%
Alberta	8%
British Columbia	4%
Saskatchewan	3%
Manitoba	3%
British Columbia	2%
Newfound Land	1%
Quebec	1%
Ontario	1%

2018	#	%
Unsheltered in a public space	17	5
Emergency Shelter	93	28
Couchsurfing, Someone	213	63
else's place		
Respondent unsure	15	4
No Answer	0	0

2021	#	%
unsheltered in a public space	8	3
Emergency Shelter	99	31
Couchsurfing, someone	73	24
else's place		
Transitional Housing	120	38
Other	12	4

LIMITATIONS

The 2021 Point in Time Count survey interviews were carried out by shelter and non-government staff as well as Indigenous interviewers. Indigenous Counsellors and a small Indigenous consulting working group were integral to the methodology and site selection to ensure the Count was carried out in a culturally appropriate and respectful manner.

Homelessness Defined

The Canadian Definition of Homelessness as defined by the Canadian Observatory on Homelessness (COH) has released a new definition that is based on a typology and a range of housing situations along a homelessness continuum.

As detailed, homelessness describes the situation of an individual, family, or community without stable, safe, permanent, appropriate housing, or the immediate prospect means and ability of acquiring it. Along the continuum there are four main categories of homelessness: unsheltered, emergency sheltered, provisionally accommodated, and at risk of homelessness.

The definition also identifies eight situations which could lead someone to be homeless, such as being precariously employed (part-time, temporary, low-pay); sudden unemployment; supported housing with supports that are about to be discontinued; households facing eviction; severe and persistent mental illness, active addictions, substance use and/or behavioral issues; division of household; violence/abuse (or direct fear of) in current housing situation; or institutional care that is inadequate or unsuited. The goal of ending homelessness includes ensuring housing stability that includes the supports (such as permanent supportive housing or income supports) that are required to remain permanently housed.

- 1. The participant had not yet completed a PiT Count Survey. Based on this definition, screening questions were used to determine eligibility.
- 2. The participant indicated that they were without a permanent residence.
- 3. The participant was defined as homeless, as per the Canadian Definition of Homelessness.

During the data analysis completed surveys that failed to meet all three criteria were removed. For example, individuals who indicated they had previously completed the PiT Count Survey, or declined to answer the first question were removed.

Additionally, individuals who indicated a history of homelessness but were currently staying in a permanent residence were also removed.

Limitations

- The locations of the PiT surveys were expanded in 2021 from the 2018 locations to include additional shelters predominantly based on recommendations from the Indigenous Counsellors and consultants. The locations included the GNWT temporary day shelter, NWT Native Women's Association, Yellowknife Women's Association Women's Shelter, Bailey House, Spruce Bough, Tree of Peace, Side Door Resource Centre and the YWCA.
- 2. As this was a one-day count, it is a snap shot of homelessness on the day of the survey.
- 3. Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic and the good weather on this particular day, both may have been a deterrent in individuals not participating in the count this year.

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1. Introduction

The third iteration of the Yellowknife Point-In-Time Count (PiT) was conducted on April 18, 2021 by the City of Yellowknife in partnership with the City of Yellowknife Community Advisory Board on Homelessness. The count is used to enumerate the number of people experiencing homelessness during a specified time frame to provide information regarding the nature and extent of homelessness within a community.

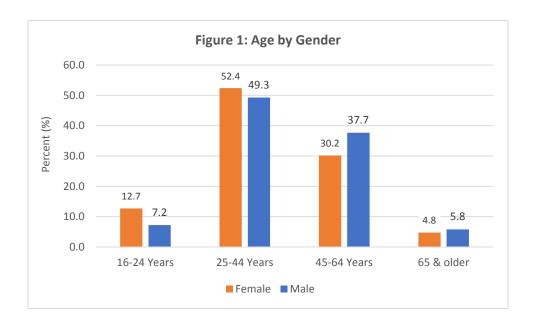
This report provides an insight into factors contributing to homelessness, challenges in getting housing, and service needs of individual or families experiencing homelessness.

A total of 246 surveys were completed. Based on those surveys, the PIT recorded 312 people experiencing homelessness, with 187 individuals living by themselves (60%) and 125 people (40%) in families. In total, one in five persons included in the Yellowknife PIT were children or dependents.

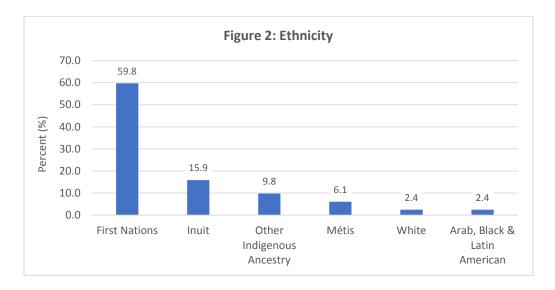
2. Demographic characteristics

Among the 246 respondents, males and females were equally represented. In terms of sexual orientation, 91.5% identified as straight/heterosexual, 3.7% identified as other orientations such as gay, lesbian, bisexual, while 4.9% declined to answer the question.

Respondents' ages ranged from 16 to 80. For both males and female, most respondents were in the age groups 25 to 44 and 45 to 64 years. The median age for females was 32, compared to 38 for males.



Nearly all (91.5%) respondents were Indigenous, with 60% identifying as First Nations, followed by Inuit, and Metis. Of the remaining, 4.8% identified with Non-Indigenous ethnicities.

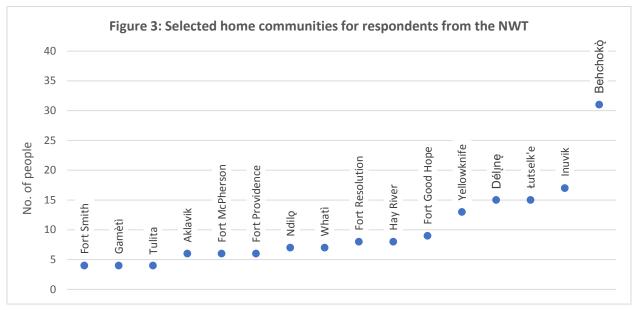


When asked about language preferences, most respondents (89%) reported being able to best express themselves in English. An Indigenous language preference was indicated by 6% of respondents.

Fewer than 10 respondents identified themselves as immigrants or veterans.

3. Home community

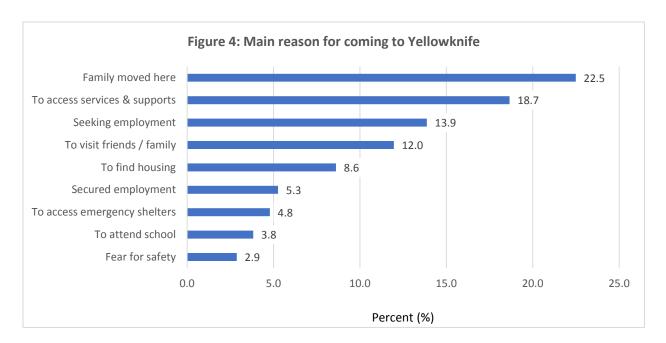
While most of the respondents were from the Northwest Territories (66%), only 8% indicated their home community was Yellowknife. The highest proportion of NWT respondents were from Behchokò (18%), followed by Inuvik (9%). In all, respondents came from 25 different NWT communities.



Communities in Nunavut represented 11% of the respondents. Other jurisdictions with five or more people included Alberta (8%), British Columbia (4%), Saskatchewan (3%) and Manitoba (3%).

About half of respondents not originally from Yellowknife had arrived in the city during the previous five years.

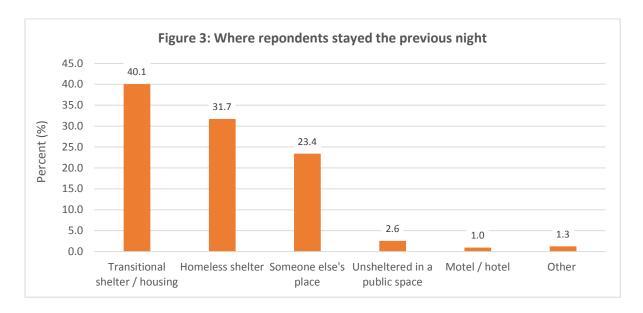
For respondents who indicated Yellowknife was not their home community, their families moving to the city was cited as the main reason for their move (23%). Approximately 1 in 5 respondents moved to Yellowknife to access service and supports, with another 19% citing employment (either seeking it or having secured it) as their main reason for coming to Yellowknife.



Two thirds of respondents (66%) who were not from Yellowknife did not want to return to their home community, with 19% wanting to move back. For those who wanted to return to their home communities, lack of services (20%) and addiction issues (16%) were the most cited barriers to doing so.

4. Experiences of homelessness

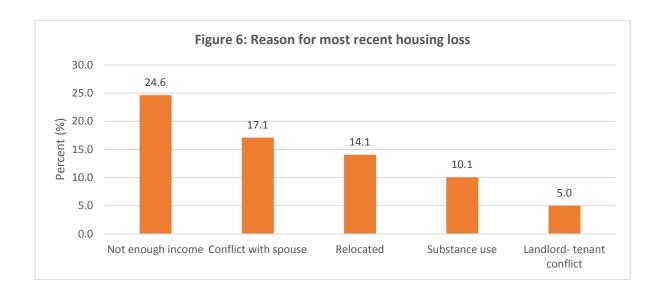
Respondents were asked to indicate where they would be staying that night or where they stayed the previous night. Most had stayed at a transitional shelter/housing (40%) or a homeless shelter (32%). About one quarter (23%) stayed at someone else's place, while 3% of respondents were unsheltered and living in a public space.



About 66% of respondents had stayed at a homeless shelter in the previous year. For those who did not stay at a shelter, the main reasons were related to having other places to stay, mainly with friends or at a transitional house. None of the respondents reported being turned away from shelters.

5. Reasons for most recent housing loss

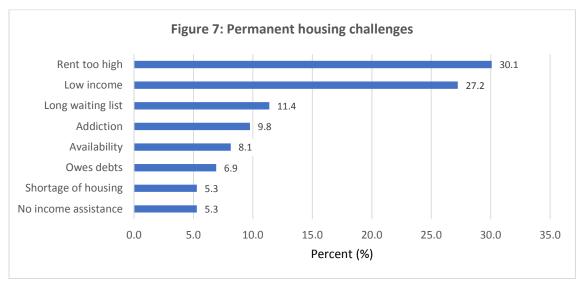
Respondents were asked the reason for their most recent housing loss. Not having enough income to pay for housing (25%), conflict with spouse or partner (17%) and relocation (14%) were the most common reasons. Lack of income was the most common reason across gender, followed by conflict with spouse/partner for females, and substance use for males.



The survey asked specifically if the COVID-19 pandemic was related to the most recent loss of housing. For about 6% of respondents, not having housing was related to COVID-19.

6. Permanent housing challenges

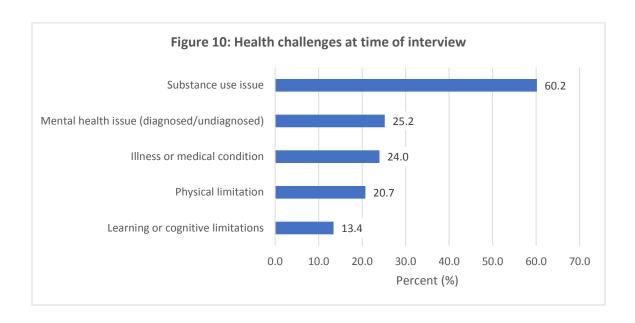
Almost all respondents (94%) said they wanted permanent housing. Affordability was cited as the primary barrier to obtaining permanent housing as indicated by respondents who reported rent being too expensive (30%) and low income (27%). Long housing waiting lists were the next most common barrier (11%), with availability (8%) and a shortage of housing (5%) likely indicating housing shortages as a challenge. About 10% of respondents reported that addictions were a barrier to finding permanent housing. There were minimal differences affecting female or male respondents.



7. Health needs and challenges

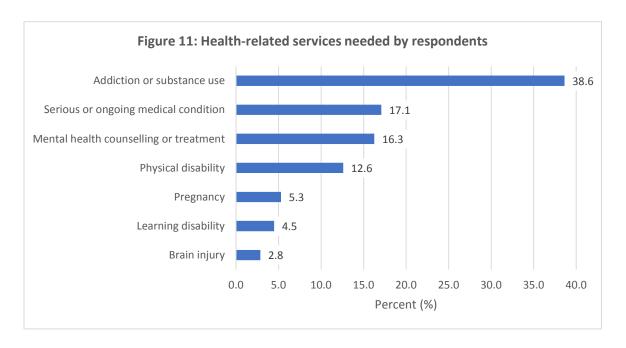
Respondents were asked if they had health challenges at the time of the interview. Approximately 1 in 3 respondents (29%) indicated a single heath problem while 44% had multiple health issues. One quarter of respondents (27%) said they had no health issues.

Of those who indicated health challenges, substance abuse was the most prevalent health issue affecting 60% of respondents, followed by mental health (25%) and illness or medical condition (24%). Different health issues were present between males and females. The proportion of males was higher than females among those with physical limitations (77%) and substance use issues (59%). A higher proportion of females than males indicated mental health issues (55%) and learning limitations (52%).

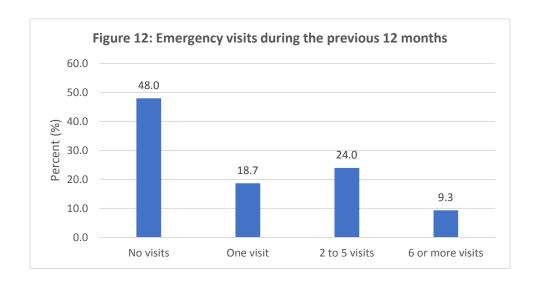


8. Utilizing health services

The need for support reflected the respondent's health challenges. Support for serious/ongoing medical conditions, as well as mental health counselling and treatment were priorities for respondents when asked about what health services they required.



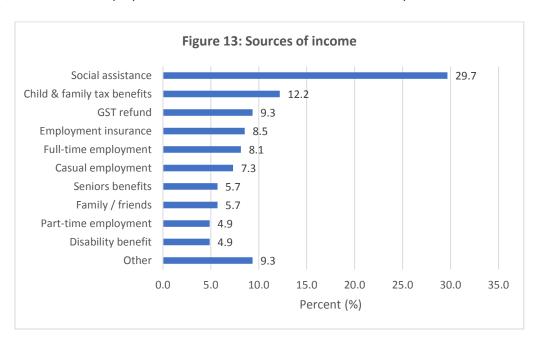
When asked about their use of health services in the previous 12 months, 52% of respondents reported visiting the emergency room at least one time and 36% reported being hospitalized at least once during the same period.



9. Income

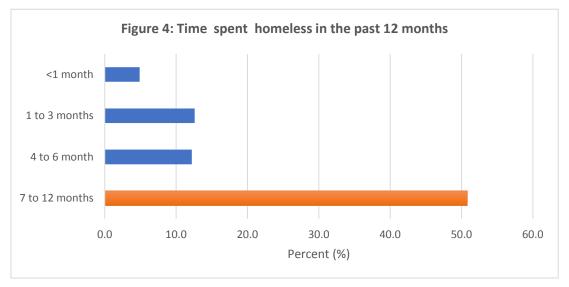
The most common source of income was social assistance, reported by almost a third (30%) of respondents. Child and family tax benefits, GST refund and employment insurance, combined, were cited by 30%, while full-time, part-time, and casual employment as sources of income were reported by 20%. Respondents who indicated income from full-time, part time, or casual work were more likely to be living in transitional housing or at someone's house than living in homeless shelters.

Income sources most reported by respondents living in families were social assistance, child and family benefits, and full-time employment. Social assistance was cited the most by those with no families.



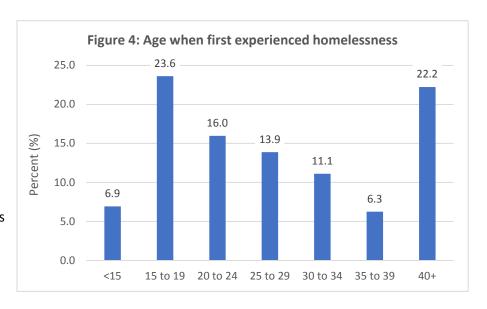
10. Chronic homelessness

Chronic homelessness is generally defined as not having access to a permanent residence where one can safely stay (if one chooses) for at least six of the previous twelve months. Half of respondents (51%) were experiencing chronic homelessness. Levels of chronic homelessness were higher among males (80%) and those 25 years or older (67.5%). About 40% of those with children or dependents were experiencing homelessness.



11. Age when first experienced homelessness

Respondents generally first experienced homelessness between the ages of 15 to 19, or after the age of 40. Patterns of when respondents first experienced homelessness were similar between males and females, with an overall median age of 25 years.



12. History with foster care, group homes and residential schools

Just over 80 respondents (34%) had lived in foster care or in group homes as a child or youth. Of these, only 30% felt that Child Protection Services was helpful in preparing them for life after leaving the system. Time between leaving the childcare system and becoming homeless ranged from a few months to 42 years, with a median time of 2 years.

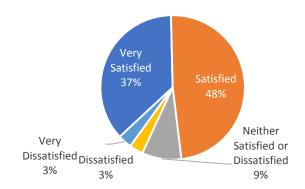
Persons who previously lived in foster care or group homes were more likely to experience homelessness before they turned 16 years of age (29%), compared to 6% among those with no foster care or group home experiences. Out of the 16 respondents aged 16 years or younger who completed the survey, half had experiences of foster care or group homes.

About 62% of respondents reported that they or their parents attended residential school. A comparison with those who did not attend showed minimal differences in the age at which respondents first experienced homelessness. However, those experiencing chronic homelessness were likely to have attended residential school (80%) or had parents of guardians who attended residential school (71%).

13. Satisfaction with services

When asked about satisfaction levels with the treatment they receive from community organizations such as transitional shelters and drop-in centers, the majority (78.5%) were either very satisfied or satisfied. Those who were dissatisfied represented only 6% of the respondents.

Figure 14: Satisfication with the treatment received from community organizations



14. Conclusions

Being the third iteration of the PiT, findings of the 2021 count provide current information for use towards data driven policies and programs to help address homelessness in the city. The count recorded 312 individuals in Yellowknife experiencing homelessness with 40% of the survey respondents staying at transitional shelters or transitional housing and 32% utilizing homeless shelters. The vast majority want permanent housing with factors related to affordability and availability as the most prominent

challenges to achieving that goal. Not having enough income to pay for housing was the primary reason for respondents' most recent housing loss. In at least 6 of the previous 12 months, half of the respondents did not have access to safe permanent residences, and therefore are classified as chronically homeless.

Less than 1 in 10 of the respondents were from Yellowknife, with family moving to the city, seeking employment, or accessing services and support as the main reasons many of the respondents had moved to Yellowknife. Most of the respondents did not wish to move back to their home communities.

Many respondents were satisfied or very satisfied with the treatment they received from community organizations such as transitional shelters and drop-in centers, and no respondents reported being turned away from shelters in the previous year.

Over 90% of respondents identified as Indigenous with 62% of respondents indicating that they or their parents/guardians attended residential school. The average age was 41, with over half of respondents first experiencing homelessness before the age of 24.

Please refer to the following appendices for the methodology, full set of statistical tables, and the survey questionnaire.

Appendix A: Methodology

The 2021 Point in Time Count (PiT) was a shelter count like the previous count in 2018. The methodology and local questions were developed by a PiT committee. Members of this committee included representatives from the City of Yellowknife, NWT Disabilities Council, NWT Housing Corporation, NWT Native Women's Association, RCMP, SideDoor Resource Center, Salvation Army, Yellowknife Women's Society, YWCA and Government of the Northwest Territories departments of Justice, Health and Social Services and the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

The questionnaire included mandatory national PiT questions as well as local questions based on the direction of committee members.

Multiple venues for data collection were used to ensure all potential demographic groups were reached including youth, families, women staying in shelters and men in transitional housing.

The PiT survey was conducted on Sunday, April 18, 2021 at the Bailey House, NWT Women's Association, Sidedoor Resource Centre, Spruce Bough, Temporary Day Shelter, Tree of Peace, and the Women's Shelter. Adjusting to client needs, the YWCA Transition Housing Program conducted the survey from Monday, April 19 to Thursday, April 22, 2021.

Interviews were conducted by staff members at the respective agencies except for the Tree of Peace. The Tree of Peace venue consisted of Indigenous interviewers working exclusively on the PiT survey. Indigenous Counsellors were available during the PiT survey operations at the Side Door, Tree of Peace, Spruce Bough, and the Women's shelter. Information collected was entered directly to tablets and uploaded to a live information management system.

Upon completion of the survey, grocery store gift cards were provided as a token of appreciation with individuals receiving \$25 and families receiving \$50. Food and beverages were also supplied at each location.

Appendix B: Data Tables

Table 1: Demographic characteristics of people experiencing homelessness in Yellowknife

			Fema	ale	Mal	e	Not stated		
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
All persons	312	100.0	144	46.2	141	45.2	27	8.7	
Survey respondents	246	100.0	120	48.8	118	48.0	8	3.3	
Individuals	187	100.0	82	43.9	99	53.0	6	3.3	
People in families	125	100.0	62	49.6	42	33.6	21	16.8	
Family heads	59	100.0	19	32.2	38	64.4	х	х	
Children/ dependents	66	100.0	24	36.4	23	34.9	19	28.8	
Age group									
0 to15 years	37	100.0	19	51.4	18	48.6	х	х	
16 to 24 years	20	100.0	11	55.0	8	40.0	х	x	
25 to 44 years	69	100.0	33	47.8	34	49.3	х	х	
45 to 64 years	46	100.0	19	41.3	26	56.5	х	х	
65 & older	7	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Not stated	133	100.0	59	44.4	51	38.3	23	17.3	

Notes:

Table 2: Demographic characteristics of respondents, excluding children/dependents

	Tot	al	Fema	ale	Ma	le	Not sta	ted
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	120	48.8	118	48.0	8	3.3
Ethnicity								
First Nations	147	100.0	78	53.1	67	45.6	х	Х
Inuit	39	100.0	20	51.3	18	46.2	х	Х
Métis	15	100.0	х	х	12	80.0	х	Х
Other Indigenous Ancestry	24	100.0	12	50.0	12	50.0	х	Х
White	6	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Arab, Latin American, Icelandic	5	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Black African	6	100.0	х	Х	х	Х	х	х
Sexual orientation								
Bisexual, Lesbian or Pansexual	9	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Straight / Heterosexual	225	100.0	110	48.9	113	50.2	х	Х
Not stated	12	100.0	x	X	X	X	X	X
Highest level of schooling								
No Formal Education	5	100.0	0	0.0	5	100.0	0	0.0
Some High School	138	100.0	71	51.4	63	45.7	х	Х
High School Graduate/GED	73	100.0	38	52.1	35	47.9	х	Х
Graduate Degree	23	100.0	9	39.1	14	60.9	х	Х
Not stated	7	100.0	x	X	X	X	x	X
Language preference								
English	220	100.0	110	50.0	108	49.1	х	Х
Indigenous language	16	100.0	8	50.0	7	43.8	х	х
Other	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Not stated	8	100.0	х	X	X	X	X	X

^{1.} The survey was completed with 246 respondents who provided information on accompanying family, children or dependents, for a total count of 312 people experiencing homelessness.

^{2. &#}x27;x' - suppressed values

x' - suppressed values

Table 3: Potential population groups at risk factors to experiencing homelessness

	Tota	al	F	emale		Male	Not stated	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	120	48.8	118	48.0	8	3.3
Attended residential school	58	100.0	28	48.3	30	51.7	0	0.0
Parents/ guardians attended residential school	168	100.0	84	50.0	83	49.4	х	Х
Experience in foster care or group home	83	100.0	37	44.6	45	54.2	х	Х
Seniors 65+		100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Immigrant	7	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Veterans	4	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х

- 1. Categories are derived from different survey questions and are not mutually exclusive, so their sum of may exceed the total
- 2. 'x' suppressed values

Figure 4: Age when first experienced homelessness, by Gender

	Tota	Total		emale		Male	Not stated	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	120	48.8	118	48.0	8	3.3
<15 years	10	100.0	4	40.0	5	50.0	x	х
15 to 19 years	34	100.0	14	41.2	20	58.8	0	0.0
20 to 24 years	23	100.0	13	56.5	10	43.5	0	0.0
25 to 29 years	20	100.0	10	50.0	9	45.0	х	Х
30 to 34 years	16	100.0	6	37.5	10	62.5	0	0.0
35 to 39 years	9	100.0	х	х	7	77.8	0	0.0
40+ years	32	100.0	14	43.8	16	50.0	х	х
Not stated	102	100.0	57	55.9	41	40.2	8	7.8

Table 5: Time between leaving foster care or group home and experiencing homelessness

	Tota	al	ı	Female	Male		
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	
Total	83	100.0	37	100.0	45	100.0	
< 1 month	35	42.2	19	51.4	16	35.6	
1 month to 1 year	15	18.1	5	13.5	9	20.0	
2 to 10 years	17	20.5	6	16.2	11	24.4	
11 or more years	16	19.3	7	18.9	9	20.0	

x' - suppressed values

Table 6: Length of time experienced homelessness over the previous year, by where they are staying

			1 mont	h or			& to	11				
	Tot	al	less		2 to 6 months		mont	months		12 months		ated
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	24	12.1	49	24.7	31	15.7	94	47.5	48	19.5
Homeless shelter	98	100.0	7	8.8	11	13.8	8	10.0	54	67.5	18	18.4
Transitional shelter / housing	76	100.0	7	13.0	22	40.7	13	24.1	12	22.2	22	28.9
Someone else's place	57	100.0	9	18.0	16	32.0	х	х	19	38.0	7	12.3
Unsheltered in a public space	8	100.0	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	0	0.0
Other	7	100.0	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	1	14.3
Not stated	6	100.0	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	0	0.0

Table 7: How long ago was the most recent housing loss, by currently place of residence

					1 to 2		3 to 5		6 to 10		11 or			
	Total	%	<1 year	%	years	%	years	%	years	%	more	%	Not stated	%
Total	246	100.0	35	14.2	59	24.0	21	8.5	18	7.3	17	6.9	96	39.0
Homeless shelter	98	100.0	6	6.1	28	28.6	7	7.1	9	9.2	6	6.1	42	42.9
Transitional shelter / housing	76	100.0	10	13.2	17	22.4	8	10.5	5	6.6	7	9.2	29	38.2
Someone else's place	57	100.0	18	31.6	9	15.8	5	8.8	4	7.0	х	Х	19	33.3
Unsheltered in a public space	8	100.0	х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	5	62.5
Other	7	100.0	х	X	4	57.1	X	Х	X	Х	X	Х	X	Х

^{1.} Respondents could select multiple categories, so the sum of the categories may exceed the total

^{2. &#}x27;x' - suppressed values

x' - suppressed values

Table 8: What caused you to lose your housing most recently?

	Tota		Femal	e	Male	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	120	48.8	118	48.0
Not enough income for housing	49	100.0	23	46.9	26	53.1
Conflict with: Spouse / Partner	35	100.0	22	62.9	13	37.1
Left the Community / Relocated	28	100.0	16	57.1	12	42.9
Substance Use Issue	20	100.0	5	25.0	15	75.0
Landlord / Tenant Conflict	10	100.0	5	50.0	5	50.0
Never had housing	9	100.0	х	Х	Х	Х
Unfit / unsafe housing condition	9	100.0	х	Х	х	Х
Alcohol abuse	8	100.0	х	Х	х	Х
Complaint (e.g. Pets / Noise / Damage)	8	100.0	х	Х	х	Х
Conflict with: Parent / Guardian	8	100.0	х	Х	х	Х
Conflict with: Other	7	100.0	х	Х	х	Х
Experienced Abuse by: Spouse / Partner	6	100.0	х	Х	х	Х
Physical Health Issue	5	100.0	х	Х	Х	Х
Incarceration (Jail or Prison)	4	100.0	х	Х	Х	Х
Other	19	100.0	14	73.7	5	26.3
COVID-19 related	20	100.0	11	55.0	9	45.0

Figure 9: Currently separated from family due to homelessness, by Sex and Age

	Total	%	Yes	%	No	%	stated	%
Total	246	100.0	153	62.2	80	32.5	13	5.28
Gender								
Female	120	100.0	67	55.8	48	40.0	5	4.17
Male	118	100.0	85	72.0	29	24.6	4	3.4
Not stated	8	100.0	х	х	x	Х	x	х
Age group								
16 to 24 years	14	100.0	10	71.4	4	28.6	Х	x
25 to 44 years	68	100.0	45	66.2	22	32.4	Х	x
45 to 64 years	46	100.0	29	63.0	13	28.3	4	8.7
65 & older	7	100.0	4	57.1	х	Х	Х	Х
Not stated	110	100.0	64	58.2	39	35.5	х	x

^{1.} Respondents could select multiple categories, so the sum of the categories may exceed the total

^{2. &#}x27;x' - suppressed values

x' - suppressed values

Table 10: What challenges or problems have you experienced when trying to find housing?

	Tota	al	Fema	ıle	Male	9	Not stat	ted
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	120	48.8	118	48.0	8	3.3
Rent is too high	74	100.0	40	54.1	34	45.9	х	х
Low income	67	100.0	32	47.8	35	52.2	х	х
Long waiting list	27	100.0	18	66.7	9	33.3	х	х
Availability	19	100.0	12	63.2	7	36.8	Х	х
Addiction	24	100.0	9	37.5	15	62.5	х	х
Shortage of housing	12	100.0	8	66.7	4	33.3	х	х
No income assistance	13	100.0	7	53.8	6	46.2	х	х
Owes debts	17	100.0	6	35.3	11	64.7	х	х
No help	9	100.0	4	44.4	5	55.6	Х	х
Discrimination	7	100.0	х	х	Х	Х	Х	х
Mental health issues	7	100.0	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х
Health / disability issues	6	100.0	х	Х	х	х	Х	х
Poor housing conditions	6	100.0	х	Х	х	х	Х	х
Family breakdown / conflict	5	100.0	х	х	х	Х	Х	х
Domestic violence	4	100.0	Х	х	х	х	Х	х
Don't know how	4	100.0	х	х	х	х	Х	х
Don't want housing	4	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	х
Lack of id	4	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	х
Partner	4	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	х
Other	9	100.0	Х	X	X	X	X	X

^{1.} Respondents could select multiple categories, so the sum of the categories may exceed the total

^{2. &#}x27;x' - suppressed values

Table 11: Home community, by whether or not they want to move back

	Tota	al	Yes	-	No		Not sta	ted
	No.	%	No.	%		No.	%	No.
Home Community	233	100.0	45	19.3	153	65.7	35	15.0
Behchoko	31	100.0	5	16.1	24	77.4	х	х
Inuvik	16	100.0	0	0.0	12	75.0	4	25.0
Déline	15	100.0	4	26.7	10	66.7	х	Х
Łutselk'e	15	100.0	6	40.0	7	46.7	х	Х
Fort Good Hope	9	100.0	х	х	7	77.8	х	Х
Fort Resolution	8	100.0	х	х	7	87.5	х	Х
Hay River	8	100.0	х	х	5	62.5	х	Х
Cambridge Bay	7	100.0	х	х	4	57.1	х	Х
Detah & Ndilo	7	100.0	х	х	4	57.1	х	Х
Kugluktuk	7	100.0	х	х	7	100.0	х	Х
Whatì	7	100.0	х	х	4	57.1	х	Х
Aklavik	6	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Fort McPherson	6	100.0	х	х	5	83.3	х	Х
Fort Providence	6	100.0	х	х	4	66.7	х	Х
Gjoa Haven	5	100.0	х	х	5	100.0	х	Х
Fort Smith	4	100.0	х	х	4	100.0	х	Х
Gamètì	4	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Tulita	4	100.0	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Other	28	100.0	5	17.9	20	71.4	х	Х
Not stated	40	100.0	6	15.0	27	67.5	7	17.5

Table 12: What prevents you from moving back to your community?

	No.	%
Total	45	100.0
Lack of Services	9	20.0
Addictions	7	15.6
Decline to Answer	7	15.6
Family Breakdown/conflict	6	13.3
Rent to high/cost of living	6	13.3
Poor housing conditions	5	11.1
Other	10	22.2

Notes:

Respondents could select multiple categories, so the sum of the categories may exceed the total

^{1. &#}x27;x' - suppressed values

^{2.} Total exludes Yellowknife

Table 13: Services needed by respondents

	Total		Femal	e	Male)
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	120	48.8	118	48.0
Addiction Or Substance Use	95	100.0	36	37.9	58	61.1
Serious or Ongoing Medical Condition	42	100.0	12	28.6	30	71.4
Mental Health (Counselling, treatment)	40	100.0	25	62.5	15	37.5
Physical Disability	31	100.0	9	29.0	22	71.0
Mental health	13	100.0	8	61.5	4	30.8
Pregnancy	13	100.0	13	100.0	0	0.0
Learning Disability	11	100.0	х	х	х	х
Mental health	8	100.0	х	х	Х	х
Brain Injury	7	100.0	х	х	Х	Х

- 1. Respondents could select multiple categories, so the sum of the categories may exceed the total
- 2. 'x' suppressed values

Table 14: Satisfaction with treatment received from community organizations like transitional shelters and drop-in centers?

	No.	%
Total	246	100.0
Very Satisfied	83	33.7
Satisfied	110	44.7
Neither Satisfied or Dissatisfied	20	8.1
Dissatisfied	7	2.8
Very Dissatisfied	7	2.8
Not stated	14	5.7
Decline to Answer	5	2.0

Table 15: Language they feel best able to express themselves

	No.	%
Total	246	100.0
English	220	89.4
Indigenous language	15	6.1
Other	11	4.5

Table 16: Source of income by family status

	Total		Individu	ıals	Familie	es
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Total	246	100.0	187	100.0	59	100.0
Social assistance	73	29.7	57	30.5	16	27.1
Child & family tax benefits	30	12.2	12	6.4	18	30.5
GST refund	23	9.3	15	8.0	8	13.6
Employment insurance	21	8.5	15	8.0	6	10.2
Full-time employment	20	8.1	8	4.3	12	20.3
Casual employment	18	7.3	14	7.5	4	6.8
Seniors benefits	14	5.7	14	7.5	0	0.0
Family / friends	14	5.7	13	7.0	х	х
Part-time employment	12	4.9	6	3.2	6	10.2
Disability benefit	12	4.9	х	х	х	х
Other service agency	7	2.8	х	х	х	Х
Informal income sources	7	2.8	х	х	х	Х
Other	9	3.7	х	X	X	X

 $^{1. \ \}textit{Categories are derived from different survey questions and are not mutually exclusive, so their sum of may exceed the total}\\$

^{2. &#}x27;x' - suppressed values

Appendix C: Survey Questionnaire

UNSHELTERED SURVEY

Survey Number: 0000

(Your name and asking them how	they are	doing sho	ould have	been don	e prior to	the COV	ID questi	ons. If not,
Hello my name is an	d I'll cond	ucting a P	oint-in-T	ime Surve	y with yo	u. How ar	re you do	ing today?)
The results from this Point-in-Sur will help research to improve services.	•			derstandi	ng of hon	nelessnes	s across (Canada and
The survey takes about 10 minute	es to com	plete.						
Participation is voluntary and you used for statistical purposes. You are counsellors available if you w	can choo	se to skip	any que	stion or to	stop the			•
Location: (See attached shee	et for loca	tion code	s)		me:			<i>I</i> /РМ
Interviewer:				Co	ntact #: _			
Screening Questions: Where are yo	u staying	tonight?,	/ Where	did you sta	ay last nig	ht?		
a. DECLINE TO ANSWERb. OWN APARTMENT / HOUSE	- (TH <i>A</i>	ANK & EN	ND SUR'	√EY)				
c. SOMEONE ELSE'S PLACE d. MOTEL/HOTEL (SELF-FUNDED) e. HOSPITAL f. TREATMENT CENTRE g. JAIL, PRISON, REMAND CENTRE	safe a. b. c.	ely stay as Yes (THAN No (not pe Don't Knov	long as y K & END) rmanent w (BEGIN	s to a perr you want? AND/OR no SURVEY) 'HANK & EN	ot safe)([BI		•	u can
h. HOMELESS SHELTER (EMERGENCY, I i. HOTEL/MOTEL (FUNDED BY CITY OR j. TRANSITIONAL SHELTER/HOUSING k. UNSHELTERED IN A PUBLIC SPACE (E ABANDONED BUILDING I. ENCAMPMENT (E.G. GROUP OF TEN TERM OUTDOOR SETTLEMENT) m. VEHICLE (CAR, VAN, RV, TRUCK, BOA n. UNSURE: INDICATE PROBABLE LOCA	HOMELESS G. STREET, TS, MAKESH AT)	PROGRAM , PARK, BUS) SHELTER,	FOREST OR	(BEGIN	I SURVE	Y)	
BEGIN SURVEY								
 Do you have family members or members or anyone else who st apply.) NONE PARTNER - Survey #:	•		night? (Ir	•	vey numbe	er for parti	ners. Chec	k all that
☐ CHILD(REN)/DEPENDENT(S)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
[indicate gender and age GENDER for each] AGE								

	AGEOR YEAR BORN			0	DON'T KNO	N	0	DECLINE TO ANSWER
	For this survey, "homeless place to live, including slee your own permanent hous	ness" means ar ping in shelters	ny time wher s, on the stre	n yo				
3.	How old were you the first	time you exper	ienced home	eless	iness?			
0	AGE			0	DON'T KNO	W	0	DECLINE TO ANSWER
	In total, <i>for how <u>much time</u></i> (Does not need to be exact. Be		rienced hom	eles	sness over	the PA	ST YEAR,	, in the last 12 months
0	LENGTH DA	YS WEEKS MON	NTHS	0	DON'T KNO	N	0	DECLINE TO ANSWER
0	NUMBER OF TIMES Have you stayed in a homel							DECLINE TO ANSWER
Э.		ouse Lypp's Die			-			
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5k		n reasons? (Do	not read cate	SAF	es. Select all	that ap	oply.) OTHER: DON'T	ANSWER

	YES		If NO:	0		_		0		NATIONAL STUDEN
	NO	>		0	REFUGEE CI		II IGN WORKER	0	OTHER	R (PLEASE SPECIFY)
	DON'T KNOW			O	TEIVIFORAN	ITTOIL	ION WORKER			
)	DECLINE TO ANSWER									
<u> H</u>	low long have you bee	n in Y	ellowknife?							
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o COMMUNITY / RESERVE NAME_

o DON'T KNOW

o DECLINE TO ANSWER

9.	9. Have you ever served in the Canadian Military or RCMP?						
	(Military includes Canadian Na	/y, A	rmy, or Air Force)				
0	VES MILITARY	0	BOTH MILITARY AND BOMP		0	DON'T KNOW	

0	YES, MILITARY	0	BOTH MILITARY AND RCMP	0	DON'T KNOW
0	YES, RCMP	0	NO	0	DECLINE TO ANSWER

10. As a child or youth, were you ever in foster care or in a youth group home? (Note: This question applies specifically to child welfare programs.)

o YES	o NO	o DON'T KNOW	0	DECLINE TO ANSWER
-------	------	--------------	---	-------------------

10b → Approximately how long after leaving foster care/group home did you become homeless?

O LENGTH DAYS / WEEKS / MONTHS / YEARS	o DON'T KNOW	O DECLINE TO ANSWER
--	--------------	---------------------

10c → Do you feel that Child Protection Services was helpful in transitioning you to independence in helping you live on your own after leaving foster care/group home?

O YES O NO O DON'T KNOW O DECLINE TO ANSWER	o YES	o NO	o DON'T KNOW	o DECLINE TO ANSWER
---	-------	------	--------------	---------------------

11. Do you identify as having any of the following health challenges at this time:

ILLNESS OR MEDICAL CONDITION [e.g. diabetes, arthritis, TB, HIV]	o YES	o NO	o DON'T KNOW	o DECLINE TO ANSWER
PHYSICAL LIMITATION [e.g. challenges with mobility, physical abilities or dexterity]	o YES	o NO	o DON'T KNOW	o DECLINE TO ANSWER
LEARNING OR COGNITIVE LIMITATIONS [e.g. dyslexia, FASD, autism spectrum disorder, or as a result of ADHD or an acquired brain injury]	o YES	o NO	o DON'T KNOW	o DECLINE TO ANSWER
MENTAL HEALTH ISSUE (diagnosed/undiagnosed) [e.g. depression, Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), bipolar disorder]	o YES	o NO	o DON'T KNOW	o DECLINE TO ANSWER
SUBSTANCE USE ISSUE [e.g. Alcohol, Drugs]	o YES	o NO	o DON'T KNOW	o DECLINE TO ANSWER

12. What gender do you identify with? (See attached list. Show or read list.)

0	MAN	0	TRANS WOMAN	0	NOT LISTED:
0	WOMAN	0	TRANS MAN	0	DON'T KNOW
0	TWO-SPIRIT	0	NON-BINARY (GENDERQUEER)	0	DECLINE TO ANSWER

13. How do you describe your sexual orientation? (See attached list. Show or read list.)

	, ,						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
0	STRAIGHT/HETEROSEXUAL	0	BISEXUAL	0	ASEXUAL	0	NOT LISTED:
0	GAY	0	TWO-SPIRIT	0	QUESTIONING	0	DON'T KNOW
0	LESBIAN	0	PANSEXUAL	0	QUEER	0	DECLINE TO ANSWER

14a. What happened that caused you	ս to lose your housing most recently? "Housin	g" does not include temporary			
	<mark>elter stays.</mark> (Do not read the options. Check all tha	at apply.) Follow up for the			
reason if the respondent says "eviction"	or that they "chose to leave".				
A: HOUSING AND FINANCIAL ISSUES	B: INTERPERSONAL AND FAMILY ISSUES	C: HEALTH OR CORRECTIONS			
 NOT ENOUGH INCOME FOR HOUSING (E.G. LOST BENEFIT, INCOME, OR JOB) UNFIT/UNSAFE HOUSING CONDITION BUILDING SOLD OR RENOVATED OWNER MOVED IN LANDLORD/TENANT CONFLICT COMPLAINT (E.G. PETS/NOISE/DAMAGE) LEFT THE COMMUNITY/RELOCATED OTHER REASON: 	 □ CONFLICT WITH: SPOUSE / PARTNER □ CONFLICT WITH: PARENT / GUARDIAN □ CONFLICT WITH: OTHER () □ EXPERIENCED ABUSE BY: SPOUSE / PARTNER □ EXPERIENCED ABUSE BY: PARENT / GUARDIAN □ EXPERIENCED ABUSE BY: OTHER () □ DEPARTURE OF FAMILY MEMBER □ EXPERIENCED DISCRIMINATION □ DON'T KNOW 	 □ PHYSICAL HEALTH ISSUE □ MENTAL HEALTH ISSUE □ SUBSTANCE USE ISSUE □ HOSPITALIZATION OR TREATMENT PROGRAM □ INCARCERATION (JAIL OR PRISON) □ DECLINE TO ANSWER 			
□ OTHER REASON: □ DON'T KNOW □ DECLINE TO ANSWER 14b. Was your most recent housing loss related to the COVID-19 pandemic?					
o YES o NO	o DON'T KNOW	O DECLINE TO ANSWER			
recent housing loss, how long ago was o LENGTH DAYS WEEK		O DECLINE TO ANSWER			
check all that apply.)	T EMPLOYA SAIT INCURANCE	U.D. AND EAR ALLY TAY DENIESTS			
 □ PART TIME EMPLOYMENT □ CASUAL EMPLOYMENT (E.G. CONTRACT WORK) □ INFORMAL INCOME SOURCES (E.G. BOTTLE RETURNS, PANHANDLING) 	DISABILITY BENEFIT [Name of PROV.	ILD AND FAMILY TAX BENEFITS IT/HST REFUND HER MONEY FROM A SERVICE ENCY HER SOURCE: INCOME N'T KNOW CLINE TO ANSWER			
C1. In the past year (12 months) have BEEN TO AN EMERGENCY ROOM BEEN HOSPITALIZED → DAYS YOU HAVE SPENT HOSPITALIZED INTERACTED WITH POLICE (e.g., Tickets, arre BEEN TO PRISON/JAIL	Y N # ests, searches) Y N #	mate.) Times Times Days Total Times Times			
→DAYS YOU HAVE SPENT IN PRISON/JAII	<u> </u>	Days Total			

C2. Do you want to get into perm	ianent nousing:		
o YES o	NO	o DON'T KNOW	O DECLINE TO ANSWER
C3. What challenges or problems	have you experience	ed when trying to find h	nousing? (Select all that apply.)
□ LOW INCOME	☐ MENTAL HEA		□ DISCRIMINATION
□ NO INCOME ASSISTANCE	\square ADDICTION		□ DON'T WANT HOUSING
☐ RENTS TOO HIGH		AKDOWN/CONFLICT	OTHER:
□ POOR HOUSING CONDITIONS	☐ CRIMINAL HI	STORY	□ NO BARRIERS TO HOUSING
☐ DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ☐ HEALTH/DISABILITY ISSUES	☐ PETS ☐ CHILDREN		☐ DECLINE TO ANSWER
C4. In what language do you feel	best able to express	yourself?	
	PREFERENCE		O DON'T KNOW
O FRENCH O NEIT	HER Other (please speci	ty)	O DECLINE TO ANSWER
CC I am asing to your a list of as			a lunguu suhigh of the coopeniu to
C5. I am going to read a list of se		•	
you. Do you have a need for serv SERIOUS/ONGOING MEDICAL CON		r Categories. Select all tha HYSICAL DISABILITY	□ PREGNANCY
☐ ADDICTION OR SUBSTANCE USE		EARNING DISABILITY	□ NONE OF THE ABOVE
☐ MENTAL HEALTH (Counselling, trea		RAIN INJURY	☐ DECLINE TO ANSWER
· · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		
L1. What is the highest level of e	ducation you comple	stod2	
O (Less than gr 9)	O (some college or		O NO FORMAL EDUCATION
O SOME HIGH SCHOOL	completed)	amversity, but not	O DON'T KNOW
O HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE/GED		or university degree)	O DECLINE TO ANSWER
,	O GRADUATE DEGR	EE (E.G., MASTERS, Ph.D.)	
L2. Have you ever attended a res	idential school?		
□ Yes			
□ No			
□ Don't Know			
☐ Decline to answer			
12 Did your naments on suggestions	over attend a reside	antial cohoo!?	
L2. Did your parents or guardians	ever attend a reside	ential School?	
☐ Yes			
□ No			
☐ Don't Know			
☐ Decline to answer			
L3. Are you currently separated f	rom your family due	to homelessness?	
☐ Yes	7 - 31 - 1217111 440		
□ No			
□ No □ Don't Know			

L4. Do	you want to move back to your home community?
	Yes
	No
	Don't Know
	Decline to answer
L4b. (If	f yes) What prevents you from moving back to your community? (Do not read list. Select all that apply.)
	Don't want to move back
	Lack of services
	Rent to high/cost of living
	Poor housing conditions
	Domestic violence
	Health/disability issues
	Mental health issues
	Addictions
	Family breakdown/conflict
	Criminal history/legal issues
	Lack of employment
	Unwelcome in community
	Other
	Don't know
	Decline to answer
IS Hov	w satisfied are you with the treatment you receive from community organizations like transitional
	rs and drop-in centres?
	Very Satisfied
	Satisfied
	Neither Satisfied or Dissatisfied
	Dissatisfied
	Very Dissatisfied
	Don't Know
	Decline to Answer
L6. Wo	ould you like to share anything about your housing situation or experience of homelessness that might
	nprove services and programs?

End of Survey.

Thank you for completing the survey. Here is a gift card as an additional thank you for your time.

